Jas Higly

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

"PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 33. PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 4, 1818. New Series, No. 32.

PUBLISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY
JOHN I. SCULL & MORGAN NEVILLE,
In Fourth Street, between Market and Wood Streets.

$50 000
25000 Dols. 20000 Dols.

New Masonic Hall Lottery,
Now Drawing in Baltimore.
Eight Days Drawing over.

Within the short space of one month and a half THREE GRAND PRIZES must roll out of those rich wheels to the fortunate adventurers in this great Lottery, viz.

Will be entitled to
1st drawn No. 11th drawing (Sep. 11) $20,000
1st drawn No. 14th drawing (Oct. 2) 25,000
1st drawn No. 16th drawing (Oct. 14) 50,000

Those who wish to adventure in this splendid Lottery, are advised to do it immediately, as the tickets are nearly all sold.

PRESENT PRICE.

Whole Tickets	$25	Quarters	$6 25
Halves	12 50	Eighths	3 12

ORDERS FOR TICKETS RECEIVED AT
TOWNE'S
Lottery and Exchange Office, corner of Third and Wood streets, Pittsburgh,
August 28. 4

Tea, Fish, Nails, &c.

YOUNG HYSON, Hyson, Hyson Skin and Imperial TEAS, of the latest importations.
SHAD and Mackarel of superior quality, in half barrels, put up for famliy use,
HERRINGS in barrels,
NAILS, 4d, 6d, 8d, 10d, 12d—Philadelphia Manufacture,
WINDOW GLASS, 8 by 10 and 10 by 12,
Also an assortment of
Hardware and German Linen.
For Sale, by
GLASER & Co.
Pittsburgh, August 28.——3

English & Classical Education.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Pittsburgh, that he intends opening a School on Monday the 7th of September next, in the room formerly occupied by Matthew B. Lowrie, esq. in Third street, between Wood and Market streets.

His course of instruction will comprise the most useful branches of an English education—as also the Greek and Latin languages. He hopes, from his experience as a teacher, and by assiduous attention to the morals and improvement of his pupils, to obtain a share of public patronage.—Terms will be made known at the School room.

A. TIERNEY

Pittsburgh, August 28. tf

N. B. Mr. T. purposes opening an evening SCHOOL on the first Monday in October, for the accommodation of young gentlemen whose avocations will not admit of their attending at the day school.

For Sale,

THE time of a BLACK BOY, who has two years to serve from the 20th of next month. He is a family servant—well brought up, and is perfect master of the business of cooking and washing. His habits are unexceptionable and disposition excellent.

For terms apply at this office.
August 28, 1818.

Pasture.

THE subscriber can take a number of Cows and Horses at Pasture, on reasonable terms, at his farm near the New Garrison, on the Butler road, and about half a mile from the turnpike.

Enquire at the farm or at the store of Glaser & Co. Wood, near 4th street.

JOHN L. GLASER
August 28th.

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200 Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living on the south branch of the Potomac, in Hampshire county, Virginia, on the night of Saturday the first inst. a Negro Man, named

Adam,

about 22 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, very black, has an indention in the forehead, as if the skull had been broke, occasioned by the kick of a horse;—he is a handsome well looking fellow with an agreeable countenance;—he was raised in Fairfax county, in this state, by Mr. Harper.—He went away in company with a Negro who calls himself *Dennis*, and who is about 35 or 40 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, his legs very much bow'd, aad had been taken up and confined in the jail of this county as a runaway.

Whoever takes up said Adam, & secures him in any jail so that I can get him again, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges paid if brought home.

ISAAC PANCAKE.
August 22, 1818.

Allen & Grant,
HAVE MADE A TEMPORARY
REMOVAL
TO THE WARE HOUSE LATELY OCCUPIED BY
Messrs. FOSTER & DOANE
Pittsburgh, March 31, 1818.——t

John H. Crane,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
LOUISVILLE, (Kentucky.)

WILL attend to business in his profession, in the County of Jefferson, and in the United States Circuit Court at Frankfort.

References. HENRY BALDWIN, Esq. } *Pittsburgh*
WM. ROBINSON, Jr. }
August 4, 1818. 6m

A Quantity
OF PRIME QUALITY KENTUCKY
BACON,
For Sale by ALLEN & GRANT.
Pittsbnrgh, July 24.

Cut Tacks and Sprigs.
Ormsby and Doane,

HAVE for sale, *Cut Tacks and Sprigs, of all sizes*, from the Abington Factory, (Massachusetts) and being appointed agents for the sale of those articles, offer them at the manufacturing prices with the addition of carriage and charges.

Orders for Tacks and Sprigs will be received and attended to.

Pittsburgh, June 23. tf

New Plane Manufactory.

SWETMAN, HUGHES & CO
Second between Market and Wood sts.

BEG leave to inform MERCHANT'S MECHANIC'S and others, that they have made extensive arrangements, by which they will be enabled to prosecute the above busines to advantage; and having wrought in the first manufactories of the union, and within the last year or two executed all the work for Mr. Wm. Scott of this city, they will be able to execute any orders they may be favored with on more moderate terms and equal if not superior to any establishment of the kind in the Western country.

Liberal discounts made for prompt payment or acceptances in the city.

Pittsburgh, May 18, 1818.——

TWO BOYS, from 14 to 16 years of age, of respectable character and connexions, will be taken as apprentices to the above business.

VALUABLE LANDS,
FOR SALE.

THE subscribers offer for sale, the following valuable lots and tracts of land, belonging to the estate of the late *A. KIRKPATRICK*, deceased, viz.

An out Lot,

contigious to the town of M'Keesport, containing four and one half acres of land,

ALSO

several LOTS in the town of M'Keesport, on one of which is erected a convenient dwelling house,

ALSO

A Tract of Land,

in Versailles township, containing about 250 acres; situate within 3 miles of M'Keesport, and known by the name of HOPEWELL,

ALSO A VERY VALUABLE

Farm,

containing near 300 acres of land in St. Clair township, situate on the Red-stone road, about 7 miles from Pittsburgh, on which is erected a large commodious house, a large Barn with sufficient stabling, a horse shed and all convenience for a tavern; a distillery with sufficient water, a tolerable orchard, sufficient timber for fencing and for other purposes, an excellent coal bank and quarry of lime-stone on the premises, with several valuable springs. Said Farm is well known by the name of Catt's place, and has long been occupied as a tavern stand.

ALSO

A Tract of Land,

of about 30 acres, situated on Chartiers creek, contigious to Baldwin's bridge—The land is somewhat hilly but of a very superiour quality, and is now in the possession of James Dodds, with a cabin on it.

ALSO

all the right, title, interest, and claim of the said A. Kirkpatrick, to the following described

LANDS,

to wit: in Pine township a tract of LAND settled and improved by Alexander M'Donald, containing about 400 acres—saving the right to said M'Donald of 100 acres,

ALSO

in said township, a tract of LAND settled by Jacob Grub, containing about 300 acres—saving his right therein, and

LIKEWISE

a tract of 75 acres, part of a tract and settled by W. Willoughby,

LIKEWISE

Five several adjoining surveys of Land, in Deer township, in Cunningham's district of depreciation lands, numbered in the plan of the said district 116, 117, 118, 119, and 144, each containing about 220 acres—be the same more or less.

ALSO

A Tract of Land,

situate in Crawford county, on the west side of French creek, near Conneaught lake, containing 300 acres and allowance: bounded on the west by lands of Henry Richardson: being part of a tract of land surveyed on a warrant by Robert Paul and patented by William Willink and others.

ALSO

A Tract of Land,

in Mercer county, in the 8th district of donation lands, numbered 449. containing 200 acres and allowance.

The tracts and lots near M'Keesport will be shewn to any one wishing to purchase the same by Col. Loughead, and the farm on the Redstone road by the tenant in possession. Every information as to the price and conditions of sale, which will be made easy to purchasers, will be given by the subscribers in Pittsburgh.

C. COWAN,
J. LEWIS,
C. SHALER.
Pittsburgh, March 10, 1818.——1awtf

BLANKS PRINTED AT THIS OFFICE

Copper & Tin Warehouse.
WILLIAM KEPNER,
CORNER OF MARKET AND FRONT STREETS, PITTSBURGH,

Has now on hand, and intends keeping a general asortment of

STILLS,
Tin Ware,

FULLERS KETTLES, | WASH KETTLES
HATTERS DITTO, | BRASS DITTO.
JAPANNED WARE.

Which he will dispose of on reasonable Terms for cash, or approved paper.

☞Orders from a distance will be punctually, attended to, and put up on short notice.

Pittsburgh, December 24, 1817.——Ttf

BUTLER & LAMBDIN,
Continue their
Book and Job
PRINTING OFFICE,

Where will be printed with the utmost despatch *BOOKS, MAGAZINES AND PAMPHLETS.*

Mercantile Blanks;
SUCH AS
Checks, Receipts, Bills of lading, Bills of parcels, Due-bills, &c.

Law Blanks.
Judgements and common Bonds, Deeds, Leases, Declarations, Protests, &c.

Magistrates' & Aldermans' Blanks.
Summons's, Scieri Facias, Commitments, Indentures, Warrants, Executions, Rules of Refference &c. for the city and counties.

HAND-BILLS, CIRCULARS, ADVERTISEMENTS, CARDS.

Together with every other description of Book and Job Printing.

Pittsburgh, June 12.

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*When I relinquished the publi*cation of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, on the 1st of August, 1816, a considerable sum was due for subscription, advertisements, &c. Since that time I have sedulously endeavoured to collect the debts, without having recourse to law, but my indulgence has been treated with neglect.—I now give notice, that in one month from this date, I will take the most summary way to collect all debts due to me.

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, July 10, 1818.

N. B. I expect those persons whose due-bills I hold, will pay attention to this notice.

NEW GOODS
Abishai Way and Co.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED AT THEIR
Wholesale and Retail Store, in Market, between Third and Fourth streets, a large assortment of
Seasonable & Fancy Goods.

TO. SHEPPARD'S extra superfine CLOTHS,
Fine cloths and cassimeres,
Furniture chintzes, callicoes and ginghams,
Seersuckers and bombazetts, assorted colors,
India book and mull muslin,
6-4 British and imitation ditto ditto,
4-4 tamboured, mull and jaconetts,
5-4 Irish sheeting, and 4-4 Irish linnens,
8-4 and 10-4 Irish table linen,
Long Yellow mamee chop nankeens,
Short ditto and blue ditto
Worsted and cotton fringe,
Cambric and India muslins,
Fine white gauze flannel,
Black galoons, pelongs rantshaws,
Canton crapes, various colours,
Canton crape shawls, ditto,
Merino shawls and handkerchiefs,
Canton camblet and rich sattins,
Irish poplines and bombazine,
Levantine and Florence silks,
5.4 Indian Taffeties, do. plain colours,
India, Mantua and lutstring silks,
Fancy silk stripe and Florentine vesting,
Kid, York tan and beaver gloves,
Thread laces and edgings;
Shell, mock shell and horn combs,
Silk umbrellas and parasols,
Domestic plaids, stripes and shirtings,
Superior wire thread, sewing cottons.

Women's and Children's Morocco and Leather Shoes.
LEGHORN & STRAW BONNETS.
FASHIONABLE RIBBONS.

Which they offer wholesale *and* retail, *at reduced prices.——ALSO,*
Queensware, in crates assorted,
Flaxseed Oil, by the barrell.

Wanted to purchase,
100 BARRELS OF FLOUR.
100 BARRELS OF WHISKEY.

Country Linnen, Flax, and Twilled Bags, take as payment for Merchandize.

Pittsburgh, May 15, 1818. 2aw2m.

To Rent,

FOR a term of years not exceeding 16, at the rate of TWO Dollars per foot, the property formerly occupied as a Tan-yard by the late Thomas Wallace—it is subdivided into building lots to suit every person wishing to lease—ALSO at the rate of ONE Dollar and Fifty cents per foot, for the above term, the unoccupied part of the square adjoining the Rolling and Slitting Mill, on Penn street.—Apply to

IRWIN WALLACE, or
WM. ROBINSON, junr.
Pittsburgh, May 1, 1818.——tf

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of JANUARY, WINANS & JANUARY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted to said firm are requested to make payment to *Samuel January, Senr. & Co.* by whom the Storage and Commission business will be transacted in future.

Those having claims against said firm will apply as above.

SAMUEL JANUARY, *Senr.*
MATTHIAS WINANS,
SAMUEL A. JANUARY.
Maysville, April 18, 1818.——tf

ORMSBY AND DOANE,
HAVE FOR SALE
100 bls. Prime N. O. Sugar,
150 kegs Tobacco,
2 bales Prime Cotton;
JUNIATA IRON,
PLOUGH PLATES.
A handsome assortment of Fresh Castings, &c.
June 12, 1818.

BOSLER & CO.

Have just received and offer for Sale on moderate terms, an extensive assortment of

IRONWARE & GROCERIES,
SUCH AS,

WALDRON'S prime corn and grass scythes,
Mouse-hole anvils,
German scythes,
Straw knives,
Bright and black vices,
Whetstones,
English, Crowley, and blister steel,
Country blister, German, Swedish & cast steel,
6d, 8d, and 10d wrought nails,
Shovels, spades, kitchen shovels, tongs and pokers,

American sheet iron single, double, and treble,
Spinning wheel irons,
Ketland gun locks,
Iron and brass top coffee mills,
Handsaws,
Frying pans,
Patent tea-kettles,
Bed screws,
Wood screws,
Bench vices,
Knives,
Butt hinges,
Files,

COFFEE in bags and barrels.
LOAF AND LUMP SUGAR
Young Hyson and Gunpowder Teas in small boxes

Chocolate,
Muscatel raisins,
Pepper,

Ginger,
Mustard,
Figs in drums and boxes.

WINDSOR, PALM AND VARIEGATED SOAP IN SMALL BOXES.
TANNERS AND LINSEED OIL.
SPANISH CIGARS, & PIPES by the box
QUEENSWARE in small crates, well assorted for country stores,
Also, always for Sale,

Castings of every description.
Plough Irons, Axes, Scale Beams, and all kinds of Edge Tools and Iron Ware.

Juniata barr iron,
Pig, barr, & sheet lead,
Shot,
Cut nails of all sizes,

Still cocks,
Mounting,
Copper rivits,

WINDOW, GREEN AND FLINT GLASS assorted in boxes.

Rosin soap,
Copperas,

Writing paper,
Bonnet & Fullers boards,

They continue to keep a
Commission Warehouse,
or storing, forwarding, purchasing and selling all kinds of *Produce* and *Merchandize.*
Pittsburgh, March 28, 1818. 1awtf

Cincinnati
LAND AGENCY.

THE Subscribers, under the firm of JESSE EMBREE & Co. have opened in Cincinnatt, (Ohio) an office for the purchase and sale of land, and of general land intelligence, in which they have taken measures to concenter, not only all the district plots of United States' lands in the Western country, with a considerable part of the field notes, which describe the quality and soil, but such other topographical information as considerable personal observation, and an extensive correspondence have placed within their reach—They have also established agencies in the different sections of this country, and consequently will be able to answer the enquiries and execute the orders of their patrons with the greatest possible dispatch.—As it is the intention of the proprietors to render this institution both permanent and useful, it is scarcely necessary to add, that no exertion shall be wanting on their part to merit the confidence and patronage of those who may wish to make use of their services in the line of their business.—They will transact on commission, or for a reasonable compensation, all kinds of negociation connected with the soil; such as purchasing of individuals or in the offices of the United States, paying taxes, &c. and will act as agents in all landed concerns. They keep a register, in which is entered for the perusal of enquirers, the description of all real property placed under their care for sale, and as they have now a great variety on hand, purchasers can have an extensive choice. Selecting and entering Congress Lands will constitute an important item in their business, and in this way they expect to be most useful to their friends at a distance. Letters addressed in the name of the firm, (post paid) to this place, will receive the most prompt attention.

☞Reference, in Pittsburgh, to CROMWELL & DOBBIN, and JAMES ADAMS.

JESSE EMBREE,
M. T. WILLIAMS,
DAVID PEARCE.
Feb. 17, 1818——m6.

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30 Barrels
PRIME SHAD,
FOR SALE BY
ALLEN & GRANT.
Pittsburgh, August 18.

Fresh Spring Goods.
FRANCIS M'BEAIN,

INFORMS his customers and the public in general, that he has removed his store from the corner of Second and Ferry streets, to the store lately occupied by Messrs. Doran, M'Cabe & Co. corner of Fourth and Market streets; where he is now opening

A very large and general assortment of
GOODS,
OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIPTION:
BROAD CLOTHS;
Blue, Black, Brown, mixed, drab, and superfine
CASSIMERES;

Blue, black, brown, drab and mixed Coburgh; velveteens and cords; Marseilles vesting; mock ditto, silk and striped ditto, swansdown ditto; domestic plaids, stripes, shirtings, and chambrays; platillas and brown helland; 4-4 and 6-4 ginghams, silk, striped ditto; dress and undress calicoes; rich furniture ditto; bombazetts, all colors and qualities; British and India mull muslins; jaconet and cambric ditto; lenos, plain, figured, ribbed, veined, seeded and spotted; patent net muslins; 4-4 and 6-4 cotton checks; linnen ditto; blue and yellow nankeens; Irish linnens; cravats, barred, seeded and striped; ladies' silk, cotton and worsted hose; men's half do.; black and colored silk handkerchiefs; French and Canton crapes; Damask, Levantine, fancy and imitation shawls; plain and figured ribbons; dress silks; linnen cambrics; silk and kid gloves; chenille cords; hat bands and beads; galloons; ladies purses, with and without clasps

A large assortment of
Silk, Satin, Leghorn and Straw Bonnets,
Ladies' Kid and Morrocco shoes,
Mens' coarse and fine do.

HARDWARE.
Waldron's grass and cradle SCYTHES and *SICKLES:*

Table knives and forks; one and two bladed pocket knives; buchers' knives and steels; razors, sheep shears, scissors, two foot rules, gun flints, fish hooks, lead pencils, spectacles and cases, button rings, hooks and eyes, pearl moulds, coat and vest buttons, iron tea spoons, table do polished steel snuffers, cork screws, brass locks, butt hinges, handsaws, German and cast steel, steelyards, curry combs, German scythe stones, Crumb creek ditto, blister steel, Millington do. with many articles too tedious to mention.

A large and general assortment of
QUEENSWARE, CHINA, &c. &c.
GROCERIES.
Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Pepper, Allspice, Ginger, Cloves, Cinnamon,
Country & imported Sugar.
Pittsburgh, May 9, 1818.——3t

N. B. F. M'BEAIN, wishes to inform is country customers, that he has opened a STORE in Frankford, Beaver county, Hanover township, 26 miles from Pittsburgh, on the road between Georgetown and the Cross Roads; where he intends to keep a complete assortment of the above articles.

The most VALUABLE PROPERTY on the West side of the Mountains offered
FOR SALE.
Plumpsock Iron Works.

WITH about 350 acres of land belonging thereto, will be offered for sale by public vendue, if not previously sold at private sale, on Tuesday, the 18th day of August next, at the Court House, in the the borough of Uniontown. This establishment consists of a forge, rolling mill, grist and saw mills. Also, a large brick dwelling house, furnished in a handsome style, with many other dwellings for the accommodation of workmen, and extensive stabling. It is situate in Fayette county, state of Pennsylvania, in the midst of a highly cultivated country on the state road, nine miles east of Brownsville, on the Monongahela river, and the like distance of Connellsville on the Youghiogheny river, five miles northwest of Uniontown, and thirty nine from the city of Pittsburgh. Bar iron is made in this forge by rolling instead of hammering, of a superior quality. Stone coal is the only fuel used in making it, an inexhaustible pit of which is within one hundred yards of the forge. Three men with a horse and cart are sufficient to raise, coke and haul to the forge all the coal necessary for keeping the works in full operation. They are in good order, the machinery almost new. This property is perhaps the most valuable of its kind in the United States, and by suitable attention, it is believed, may be made the most profitable in its operations.

There will be sold also, at the same time and place, the following

HOUSES AND LOTS,

situate in the borough of Union, to wit:

1. The corner house and lot of ground situate on the north side of Elbow street, immediately east of the Court House, No. 20, being the most eligible as well as the most valuable lot of ground in town.

2. That large House and lot of ground No. 3, and part of the adjoining lot, on the west or the north side of Elbow street, in the occupancy of Cuthbert Wiggins as a tavern stand, fronting on said street about one hundred and thirteen feet.

To be sold by
ISAAC MEASON, and
DAN'L. ROGERS,
Ex'rs of Isaac Meason, Esq. dec'd.
May 26th 1818.

To be Rented,

THE large and convenient STORE-ROOM and WAREHOUSE, now occupied by the subscribers, in Robbstown. It is one of the best stands for business in the western parts of Pennsylvania. Possession will be given on the 10th of September next.

LATTA, CONNELL & CO.
Robbstown, August 18, 1818.——2

Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 4, 1818.

A pamphlet has at length appeared in Boston which has settled the question as to Gen. Putnam's conduct at the battle of Breed's or Bunker's Hill. The pamphlet contains a large mass of depositions on this subject, which to us is, we confess, an interesting one. The character of *every* officer of our revolution, who contributed his mite to the establishment of our independence, is left as a sacred deposit in the bosom of every American. But the fame of *those* veterans whose age, standing and courage set the glorious example of resistance to the oppression of the mother country, ought to be cherished with religious enthusiasm. A feeling of this kind is the impulse of nature, and is imparted to man by his creator, for the wisest purposes. A veneration for virtue is the first step towards its practice; respect for the memory of a hero is the first ingredient that stimulates posterity to the imitation of greatness.—It was the enthusiastic indulgence of this sentiment that caused the deification of such benefactors as Mercury and Hercules, Osiris and Capac; and it was the lives of such men whose splendour increased as time lengthened the interval from the date of their existence, that in after ages produced a Romulus, an Epaminondas an Alfred, and a Washington. But probably no nation since the establishment of civil society, has had so much cause for reverencing the memory of its political fathers, as have the U. States. In other ages, and in other countries, heroes have fought for the defence of their country, and lawgivers have devoted their lives to her service; but in all, ambition appears to have been the most powerful impulse, and personal aggrandizement a ruling inducement. America alone has produced warriors and statesmen who preferred the obscurity of private life, to the prominent stations to which a trifling exertion of ambition might have elevated them: who have exhausted their physical and moral powers for the establishment of rights, from which, in most cases, their own families are studiously excluded.—This forbearance was inimitable and magnanimous. But for this we might have been meddling in the important question of legitimacy; and but for this we might have been placed in the same awkward predicament that England now is as to the succession, for Gen. Washington had no children. But America alone has also dared to question the necessity of holding sacred the memory of her benefactors; the demon of party spirit, after a lapse of many years, has presum'd to tread with sacrilegious irreverence over the graves of men, whose conduct, cotemporary Europe viewed with wonder, and with admiration. A hireling writer has been employed to blacken the character of General Washington; and a revolutionary officer has officiously volunteered after a period of more than forty years, to spread a doubt as to the courage of Gen. Putnam. Although we conceived that the source from which the insinuation originated, was not entitled to the highest respect, yet we thought from the rank which Gen. Dearborn held, and from the equivocal kind of reputation which he himself has acquired during the late war, that he would not have dared to touch so delicate a subject as military fame, if he had not had the strongest grounds to support his charge; we also thought that there must still have been many officers and soldiers in New-England, who witnessed that auspicious commencement of the revolution. From these circumstances we were at first very much staggered in our belief on the subject. On mature reflection, however, we are satisfied that the conduct imputed to Gen. Putnam is incredible. All his cotemporaries join in giving to him a courage the most daring, and a contempt of danger the most exemplary. He was also warm in the cause of the independence of his country, and had received one of the highest commissions in her service. Gen. Dearborn himself allows that he was present on that day, and at one time busily *engaged* in saving the property of the provincialists; of course he does not insinuate that he was a traitor. Now is it reconcileable to common sense; can credulity be so far extended as to believe that such a man as Putman of whose courage and daring adventures the mouths of the common people are full; who held a respectable station in the old French war, and whose rank on the memorable day of the battle o Bunker's Hill placed him several grades above most of the officers there, would keep back, an idle spectator of the interesting scene that was passing before his eyes? Is there any man of military feeling who can allow it to be possible? A Brigadier General of acknowledged bravery, keeping aloof, coolly conversing with and preventing another officer of rank from doing his duty, while the battle raged under the direction of captains, majors, and we believe one colonel! *credat Judaeus!* General Dearborn says, that Col. Gerrish, the officer who was engaged in such interesting conversation with Putnam, as to neglect his duty, was tried and cashiered; this is equally improbable. If an inferior officer is prevented by a superior, by any means, from doing his duty, we very much doubt whether any court martial would break him. Now, in this case, according to Dearborn, if Putnam did not actually prevent Gerrish from doing his duty, he must have connived at his neglect of it. The pamphlet, however, which we have noticed, sets the whole transaction in a proper point of view. It contains the depositions of a great many persons who were actively engaged on that day, some of whom now occupy stations of great respectability, and most of whom were well acquainted with the person of Gen. Putnam. One of the deponents, an officer who served with him before, says Gen. Putnam harangued the troops with great animation, and begged them to do their duty. Another declares that he rode along the lines at the fence during the hottest of the action, waving his sword and encouraging the men; a third represents Putnam as addressing the party to which he belonged, holding a *shattered* sword in his hand, at the very period when, according to Dearborn, he was carrying off the mattocks and pickaxes. One person swears that he believes Col. Gerrish was not tried for his conduct on that day, but for something considerably subsequent. Upon the whole, we are satisfied that Gen. Dearborn's relation is not true; as to his motive, we are indifferent; we have known so many instances of contracted prejudice on the part of this officer, that we cannot entertain for him those sentiments which we would wish to do for every individual who took an active part in the revolution. We believe him to have been a brave soldier, and tolerably well calculated to fill the situation which he occupied during that war, but nothing higher. From the feelings of gratitude which we glory in cherishing for the agents in that important struggle, we are anxious to have the character of Putnam placed in that point of view, which we think his bold genius merited. His youthful adventures are intimately connected with the early impressions of our boyhood, and even were it a delusion, the destruction of it would be painful. Greece had her Leonidas and Codrus; Rome her *elder* Brutus, and her Horatii; England her Alfred, and her Black Prince; Scotland her Wallace and Bruce; Ireland her Bryan; Switzerland her Tell, and Prussia her Schill. Let no dark insinuations at this day destroy the charm that time is fast spreading round the names of our own heroes. Let their characters descend to posterity untarnished, and let the deeds of our Washington, Green, Putnam, Wayne, Morgan, and Lee become the subject of eulogy in ages to come.

* * *

NEW-YORK, Aug. 17. The fine fast-sailing ship Triton, Capt. Holcomb, arrived here yesterday afternoon, in 37 days from Liverpool, with a full cargo of dry goods, to 68 consignees. We are indebted to Messrs. Hooper and Topliff for London papers of the 4th July, and Liverpool of the 6th.

Passengers in the Triton, Samuel Appleton, Edward Brooks, Wm. Dall, and John M. Prentiss, Esq'rs.

The elections in England were preceding with unusual warmth; and even with violence. Mr. Hunt had been attacked at the hustings by a Mr. Dowling, armed with a horse-whip. Dowling was attacked in turn by a deaf and dumb brother of Hunt, who appears to have inflicted some heavy blows on him.

French papers announce that the Congress of the allied Sovereigns will open at Aix-la-Chapelle on the 26th of September next. Prince Metternich is to be the Minister for Austria, the Duke of Wellington for England, Capo d'Istria for Russia, the Duke of Richelieu for France, and Prince Hardenburg for Prussia. It appears that no other powers will be admitted to take a direct part in this assembly.

It is stated in the Greenock Chronicle of July 3d, that by a decision of the court of Exchequer, lately, by giving Sir WALTER LEWES, who is between 80 and 90 years old, after a litigation of 40 years, during the greater part of which period he has been a prisoner for debt, is put in possession of estates and coal mines in Wales: the former valued at 10,000 pounds, and the latter at 24,000 pounds sterling per annum.

From the East Indies.

The fast sailing ship Tea Plant, Capt. Scott, arrived at this port yesterday, in 109 days from Bombay. By this arrival, we have received Bombay Gazettes to the 22d of April. It seems that very little change has taken place in the interior affairs of the British provinces. The war with the refractory nations still rages with violence and obstinacy; and the papers give the details of some important success of the British arms.

Calcutta papers to the 9th of March, and Madras ones to the 15th, had been received at Bombay. From these it appeared that Ceylon still continued in a disturbed state.

Most Singular Invention.—A Paris paper mentions a very curious discovery made by M. Degouvnain, a chemist and academican of Dijon. He purposes, by certain means, to mark a deeds, bills, bonds and other effects whatsoever, in paper, in such a manner that it may be ascertained, in all cases where it shall be judged necessary, whether the bearer be the legitimate possessor. There is something startling in this proposition of the chemist of Dijon. The commissioners appointed by the prefect to examine the matter, have made their report, "that the process is perfectly safe, susceptible of a great number of combinations—that it takes up but little room on the paper—that the use of it is easy, and free of all cost, and that it will be impossible to counterfeit it."

Good Example.—William Smith, Esq. of Hector, Seneca county, has harvested 100 acres of hay and grain this season, without furnishing any spirits to his workmen.

And in the same town, the frames of three buildings have recently been raised, without any spirituous liquor being furnished. One of them was a church 40 by 50 *Albany D. Adv.*

A few days since, a ship arrived at this port with passengers, from England; among the number was one of no ordinary blood, and possessing all the prejudices of his country, went immediately on his arrival to the Fly Market, to regale himself with some of the luxuries of the season, and purchased *two green squashes!* and the better to accommodate his eating carried them on board of the ship, and having most voraciously devoured the one, and commenced upon the other, cries out, "Captain, your *muss melons are very fine, but not so good as they are in England!!!*"

N. Y. Nat. Adv.

ANECDOTE.

Connected with the surrender of York Town.

Baron Steuben commanded in the trenches at the moment lord Cornwallis made his overture for capitulation. The proposals were immediately despatched to the commander in chief, and the negociation, as we say, *progressed.* The marquis de la Fayette, whose turn it was next to mount guard in the trenches, marched to relieve the baron, who, to his astonishment, refused to be relieved. He informed general de la Fayette, that the custom of European war was in his favor, and that it was a point of honor which he could neither give up for himself, nor deprive his troops of—that the offer to capitulate had been made during his guard, and, that in the trenches he would remain until the capitulation was signed, or hostilities commenced. The marquis immediately galloped to head quarters: general Washington decided in favor of the baron—to the joy of one, and to the mortification of the other of whose brave and valuable men. The baron remained till the business was finished.

N. Y. N. Advocate.

BOSTON, Aug. 21.

Arrived brig Dispatch, Warner, in a long passage from Amsterdam; sloop Rapid, Beers, from New York.

Captain Rich, who went from here a few days since, in pursuit of the Sea Serpent, writes the concern as follows:

Squam River, Aug. 20th, 12 o'clock—After several unsuccessful attempts, we have at length fastened to this strange thing called the Sea Serpent. We struck him fairly, but the harpoon soon drew out. He has not been seen since, and I fear the wound he received will make him more cautious how he approaches these shores. Since my last yesterday, we have been constantly in pursuit of him by day; he always keeps a proper distance from us to prevent our striking hours. But a few hours since, I thought we were sure of him, for I hove the harpoon into him as fairly as ever a whale was struck; took from us about 20 fathoms of warp before we could wind the boat, with as much swiftness as a whale. We had but a short ride when we were all loose from him to our sore disappointment. RICH'D. RICH."

"*Gloucester, Aug.* 20.—As I thought it would be interesting to you to hear from captain Rich, and as he is at some distance, I will give you some particulars of his cruise. On Monday last, he sailed from this in a large whale boat, and two smaller ones, well manned.—My brother commanded one of the boats. Yesterday they met the Serpent off Squam, and chased him about 7 hours, when they closed with him. He passed directly under the bows of captain Rich's boat; he immediately threw the harpoon, which pierced him about two feet; he drew the boat a considerable distance, but went with such velocity that he broke that part of the boat through which the rope passed, and drew out the harpoon. I hope they will have another opportunity before they give up the chase. He has *no* scales on him, and *no* bunches on his back, but his skin is smooth, and looks similar to an eel. In the attack, captain Rich had one of his hands wounded.—These particulars I have in a letter from my brother.

SAMUEL DEXTER."

It appears from our late Havanna papers, that Don Alego Lanier, a mechanic, and member of several Academies in France, has exhibited to the Royal Economical Society of that city, a kind of thermometer of his own invention, by which he pretends to ascertain the exact degree of bullition which must be given to Sugar, in order to obtain its perfect chrystalization. The Society having taken into consideration the manifold advantages which must result to this principal branch of their agriculture and riches, from the use of this instrument, which is called by its inventor, Sugaromater, had, in the first instance, appointed a committee to make suitable experiments; and having received a very favorable report with regard to its utility, had determined on the 3d inst. to make further experiments; at which all the intelligent sugar planters are requested to attend.—*Charleston Times.*

Algiers, April 14.—On the 12th inst. an Anglo-American squadron, consisting of 2 line of battle-ships, 1 frigate and 2 sloops, came to an anchor in this Bay for the purpose of reminding this government, that, in case their privateers should go out, they are not to search any American vessels, or to reconnoitre them in any other way than by their flag, which secures the commerce of their nation; and that the U. States' government will look upon any contravention as an act of hostility, and will make themselves satisfaction accordingly.

The Harmony Seminary,

FOR THE EDUCATION OF

YOUNG LADIES.

THE establishment of a *Seminary of Education for Young Ladies*, having been made at Harmony, its Proprietors, for the purpose of giving energy, character, and stability, to the design, have committed its government to a board of trustees, composed of gentlemen of the neighbouring country, and have prevailed on the following individuals, some of the most influential and intelligent in their respective districts of residence, to serve as trustees.

Pittsburgh.
JAMES ROSS, Esq.
Hon. HENRY BALDWIN,
WILLIAM WILKINS, Esq.
WALTER FORWARD, Esq.
Greensburgh.
Hon. JOHN YOUNG.
Beaver.
Hon. ROBERT MOORE,
JAMES ALLISON, Esq.
Butler.
WILLIAM AYRES, Esq.
JOHN GILMORE, Esq.
Washington.
DAVID SHIELDS, Esq.
Uniontown.
JOHN KENNEDY, Esq.
Erie.
RUFUS S. REED. Esq.
Meadville.
STEPHEN BARLOW, Esq.
Zelionopel.
P. S. PASSAVANT, Esq.
CHRISTIAN BUHL. Esb.

SECTION 1.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Harmony Seminary, held on the 15th day of August, 1818, the following CONSTITUTION was adopted.

ARTICLE 1. The Institution shall be styled, *The Harmony Seminary for the Education of Young Ladies.*

ART. 2 The government of the Seminary shall be vested in the proprietors, and a board of trustees.

ART. 3. In this Seminary the elementary class shall be taught,

Reading,
Writing,
The first rules of arithmetic, and
The first rules of grammar.

When sufficiently prepared, the pupils shall, in addition to the above, be taught in

The Second Class,
The principles of grammar,
Composition,
Geography illustrated by the use of the globes.
The principles of arithmetic, and
The elements of geometry, introductory to astronomy,
Natural history,
The French and German languages, and shall be engaged in reading history, and the English classics—Advanced to the

First Class,
The pupils shall be introduced to the studies of natural philosophy, including astronomy, aided by illustrations and experiments with philosophical apparatus.

A Standing Class,
Of the fine arts shall be formed for the exercise in music.—The figure, landscape, and flower drawing—for those ladies who have the talent, and are desirous of acquiring these accomplishments.

With a view to the future usefulness and respectability of the pupils, the highest reverence shall be inculcated for the holy scriptures, of which a select portion shall be read every day in the public hall; and the utmost attention shall be paid to the morals and manners of those, confided to the care of the establishment.

ART. 4. There shall be a principal teacher, a matron, and such assistant teachers as may be necessary.

ART. 5. There shall be private quarterly examinations, at which the board of trustees, or their standing committe may be present, as also an annual one, on the first Monday in May, at which honorary rewards and premiums shall be adjudged, as rewards to industry, good conduct, and encouragement to future exertions.

ART. 6. There shall be an annual vacation, from the 1st of August to the 1st of September.

SECTION II.

DUTIES AND PRIVILEGES OF THE PROPRIETORS.

ART. 1. They shall receive all monies due, or becoming due to the Seminary.

ART. 2. They shall make all disbursements and provide books, stationary, instruments, furnish the boarding department, and all things necessary for the instruction and comfort of the pupils.

ART. 3. They shall nominate to the board of trustees for their approbation, the principal teacher, matron, assistant, teachers and shall propose such increase or diminution of the price of tuition and boarding, as also such alterations and improvements as may be found nece and expedient.

ART. 4, They shall execute such regula as the board of trustees may direct.

ART. 5. Theirs shall be the profits and ses of the establishment.

SECTION III.

DUTIES AND PRIVILEGES OF THE BO OF TRUSTEES.

ART. 1. The meetings of the board shal held at the seminary at Harmony, every months, on the first Monday of May, and first Monday of November, and not oftener, less specially called by their secretary, or proprietors.

ART. 2. They shall examine the state of seminary, at their semi-annual meetings, shall make public report of the same annually.

ART. 3. They shall approve or disappro such officers as the proprietors may nomi and shall decide on such regulations, al tions, and improvements, as may be re mended by the same.

ART. 4. All subject matters of variance tween proprietors, teachers, matron and pu to be decided by them.

ART. 5. They shall have power to disc for incapability or misconduct, the prin teacher, matron, and assistant teachers.

ART. 6. They shall adjudge the honora wards and premiums to the pupils, at thei nual meeting on the fifth Monday of May.

SECTION IV.

DUTIES AND PRIVILEGES OF THE PRIN CIPAL TEACHER.

ART. 1. He shall be faithful and dilig the discharge of his duties, and by word an tion, in fine, by a dispassionate and affectio deportment always give proper example.

ART. 2. He shall be responsible for the gress of the pupils, and the good order of school.

ART. 3. He shall direct the various duti the assistant teachers.

ART. 4. He shall make quarterly report the standing committee, or to the secretary of trustees, respecting the state of the semi

ART. 5. By the advice and consent of and committee of the trustees, he may susp standing discharge assistants & pupils, reserv the right of appeal to the board *of trustees*; shall have power to make such rules and regula tions, as he may find necessary and expedient the welfare of the seminary; and shall be r ponsible for so doing to the board of trustees.

ART. 6. He shall compose and lay before board of trustees for their approbation, rules and regulations necessary for the dicipl of the seminary, which he shall publish to pupils.

SECTION V.

DUTIES AND PRIVILEGES OF THE MA TRON.

ART. 1. She shall be diligent and faithf he discharge of her *duties*, and by a kind affectionate lady-like deportment, endeavour enforce respect, esteem, and obedience of pupils.

ART. 2. At breakfast, dinner, and supp she shalll read a few appropriate verses from New Testament; all standing.

ART. 3. Every Sabbath morning she shall read to the pupils, from the holy scriptures, ten commandments, one or more chapters religious discourse, from such set of sermons, may be approved of by the trustees, and conclude with the Lord's Prayer.

ART. 4. She shall direct the various du of the servants, shall give personal attenti the œconomy and good order of the kitche household departments; keep in the house neatness and order of a well regulated fam and shall be responsible for the observance the rules and regulations of the house.

ART. 5. She shall have power to dischar servants. She may make such additional ru and regulations of the household department, she may find necessary and expedient, subje to the approbation of the proprietors.

ART. 6. She shall make weekly report to principal teacher respecting the conduct of pupils, and particularly respectiong their ap cation of the hours assigned them for study.

At the above meeting the following ap pointments were made, to fill the dif ferent branches in the Institution.

FREDERIC ECKSTEIN, *Principal Teac*
Mrs. ECKSTEIN, *Assistant Teacher.*
Mrs. MOUNTAIN, *Matron.*
Miss AMELIA MULLER, *Teacher of Mu*

TERMS FOR THE PRESENT.

Tuition; boarding, Washing, Books and Stat ary, will be furnished for One Hundred & Fi Dollars per annum, payable quarterly in adva

September 4, 1818.

Eichbaum & Johnston,
BOOKSELLERS, AND PRINTER
Second, between Market & Wood streets
HAVE JUST PUBLISHED
THE
WESTERN CALCULATOR,
OR A
NEW AND COMPENDIOUS SYSTEM
OF PRACTICAL
ARITHMETIC
CONTAINING THE
ELEMENTARY PRINCIPLES & RUL OF CALCULATION,
IN WHOLE, MIXED, AND DECIMAL NUMBERS.
ARRANGED, DEFINED, & ILLUSTRATED
In a plain and natural order; and adapted to use of schools, throughout the western country, and present commerce of the United States.
IN EIGHT PARTS.
BY J. STOCKTON, A. M.
September 1, 1818 tf

Forty Dollars Reward.

STOLEN out of the pasture of John Cha living near the widow Ferree's mill, in Mi fflin township, Allegheny county, on the nigh the 19th instant, a Brown HORSE, abo hands high, 4 years old, has grey hairs mixe in his head and tail and generally over his bo with one or two saddle marks, has black l and no shoes on. The above reward wil given for the horse and thief, or twenty doll for the horse alone.

WILLIAM CHAMBERS.
August 25, 1818.

1000 Pieces Yellow Nankeens
Just Received, and for sale, by
G. T. BEYER & Co.
Wood, between Third and Fourth
Pittsburgh, July 21, 1818.

PITTSBURGH.

Friday Morning, Sept 4.

“ I have no hostility against Mr. Baldwin; I think he has done his duty; I admire his talents, and feel that his character reflects honour on the district that sent him to Congress, but then I cannot vote for him at this election, for I must support my party.” This is an observation that is made in our hearing a dozen times a day, and from its frequency has led us to examine its meaning; but after mature investigation, we are as much in the dark as ever. We have heretofore considered it as the duty of every virtuous citizen to support his country; but supporting a party is a kind of patriotism that we are not acquainted with. If supporting the real interests of constituents with ability, be the test of the fitness of a representative, then have we heard of no objection to Mr. Baldwin's re-election; for with one or two exceptions, where the writers have lost sight of the respect and decorum with which every gentleman ought to be treated, even when his public character is canvassed, we have not seen the slightest insinuation against him, either as a man or as a politician. As to the course he pursued in Congress, we have not heard the least censure, and this is the only rule by which he ought to be tried before the tribunal of the public. He was elected at a time when the darkest gloom that ever overspread the rising prosperity of a country, was fast ascending above the horizon of this place; he was confidently believed to be the most fit character to avert the impending danger, and the grounds he took, and the energy he displayed on his entrance into public life, justified the expectations of his friends.—He had much to contend with, and the deepest policy was necessary to carry him through. The commercial interest of the east, and the planters of the south, were both opposed to that system on which our welfare depends. Manufactures are evidently the soul of Pittsburgh, and consequently of all that portion of country of which she may be viewed as the centre. To establish them and to give them an impulse sufficient to carry them on, required measures that threatened to curtail the enormous profits of the nabobs of the south, and that probably would check the great mercantile monopoly which is destroying our country, of the east, more than by inches. Mr. Baldwin's views on these most important subjects, are such as distinguish the soundest statesman, and from what has been disclosed on the question, we have not the slightest doubt, that if success be practicable, it will crown his exertions, if he be not prevented, by the contemptible farce of supporting a party, as it is ridiculously called. We ask the farmer whose land four years ago when manufactures flourished, was worth 50 dollars an acre, but which now will not command 30, if he thinks there is not something more important to attend to at the next election than the supporting of a party;—we ask the mechanic of this city, who out of a claim for two thousand dollars, is thankful if he can procure enough for his weekly marketing, if this is a moment for mad party considerations; and we call upon the once prosperous manufacturer, who can scarcely pay his regular discount, much less his reduction, if this is a time to descend to trifling intrigue? Without meaning to derogate from the reputation of any individual, we consider there can be no kind of comparison between Mr. Baldwin's capacity to conduct our business and that of any man of the district. We have read a great deal of declamation on the subject of this gentleman, intended to injure his standing. Rome, Ireland and Orator Philips have been pressed into the service, but we have not been able to discover a solitary argument which has been adduced against him, that was to the purpose. As for Irishmen, he has been their warm friend; as for manufactures, he is their ablest advocate, and of western improvements in general he is the firmest supporter.

Let the district judge by those rules which common sense dictates; let it reflect on the situation we are placed in; let it observe the black clouds which are hovering over us, ready to burst, and which if not averted will involve in one common ruin the farmer, the mechanic, the manufacturer and the merchant; and then let it answer the question whether this is the moment, (when the exertions of more than a common genius are required for our safety,) to talk of supporting party. Is there a man in the whole country who does not believe Henry Baldwin to be a firm Republican? is there a man who ever saw him who does not place the firmest reliance on his integrity and talents? Is there a man who can sincerely say that he does not expect the most salutary effects from his legislative career? We venture to say, without fear of contradiction, that there is not one.

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APPROACH TO THE NORTH POLE.

London dates of the 23d of June inform us of the arrival in England of a Russian vessel, called the Rurick, capt. Kotzebue, after a three years' voyage of discovery in the Polar Seas, and last from Behring's streights. If we are to depend on the accuracy of the figures, (which are very doubtful) capt. Kotzebue has penetrated no farther than the *sixty-seventh* degree of north latitude. We are not informed whether he had proceeded as far through the streights as he found it practicable, or whether the season prevented him; only the simple fact of his having reached the 67th degree is mentioned. Now, as the English have shown in their journals some *mortification* that a naval power of “but yesterday” should be making the bold attempt to discover a passage across the polar basin, it will be gratifying to them to find that the object of their *jealousy* has returned, for the present, without effecting it, and that their ships have got ahead of the Russian, and are no doubt near the seventieth degree.—They have now a fair opportunity of preventing “another Vespucius from usurping the honors due to a Columbus.”—Having commenced the undertaking in the sixteenth century, they cannot bear the thought of seeing it completed in the nineteenth by another power.

So far, they have nothing to fear on this head; for, in 1817, capt. Scoresby, an Englishman of intelligence, accustomed to navigating the Greenland seas, reached the seventieth degree; in the same year a ship from Aberdeen sent a boat ashore in Greenland at seventy-four; and a Leith vessel went as far as seventy-seven! saw the “sea clear of ice, and plenty of whales.” Hudson, as far back as 1607, is said to have landed in 80 deg. 23 min.

Behring's Streights, where capt. Kotzebue reports himself last from, is supposed to be the best and least impeded entrance into the Polar basin; and if we credit the Quarterly Review, a current sets in there which finds a passage into the northern Atlantic, through Davis's Streights. Two of the British vessels on this voyage of discovery are directed to enter at the latter place and “pass along the north-east coast of America for Icy Cape, and then proceed westward for Behring's Streights:” the other two are to steer “northwardly into the Polar basin, and endeavor, by passing close to the pole, to make a direct course to Behring's Streights.” This tract, however, into the Pacific ocean (according to the diagram given in the Review) is directly *against* the current conjectured to set across the basin through Davis's Streights, which may, perhaps, prove a hindrance, and increase the perils of navigation by sailing against the icebergs.

◆

From the New-York Evening Post.

Female Salamander. In the latest Glasgow paper received at this office, by the Fanny, from Greenock, we find an advertisement of a *fire-proof phenomenon* exhibiting in that city, in the form of a good looking woman, who calls herself *Madame Girardelle.* From the bill of fare advertised to be served up on the evening of the 23d June, we extract the following. First she is to enter into conversation with any of the audience, in four different languages. Whether she speaks the *Carraboo* language we are not informed. She will then forge with her naked feet, a plate of red-hot iron—undergo the torture by fire, as used in the Spanish Inquisition—pour boiling oil into her mouth—drop burning sealing-wax upon her tongue, from which any gentleman may take impressions of their seals—pour melted lead into her mouth, either with her naked hand or with a ladle, and place her bare feet in the same—dip her feet in Aqua-fortis—pass a red hot shovel over her head, without singing her hair—pour the strongest aqua-fortis on steel filings, and trample on the same with her bare feet—dissolve copper in her bare hand—put aquafortis into her mouth—and last, though not least, *get into a hot oven with a shoulder of mutton and remain there until it is thoroughly baked!!!* These must certainly be rare accomplishments, for a lady; they beat the celebrated Day Francis all hollow. Indeed, we think she put all the fire-eating and sword-swallowing gentry completely in the back ground.—The lady requests amateurs of chemistry, &c. to attend with any materials they may think proper, to put her fire-proof qualities to the test. The editor of the Glasgow Chronicle observes—“ without pretending to divine by what “ mighty magic” she effects such surprising and terrific feats, we give our ready testimony to the performances (or whatever else they may be called) as detailed in her hand-bill, being gone through in the fullest manner; and we may add, that she applies all the dreadful tests of her “ supernatural” gifts with a smiling confidence, ease, and grace, well suited to a drawing-room.”

We think the American Fair must now yield to foreign superiority; for we doubt whether any one of them would like much to sup upon *melted lead* and *aquafortis*, or to sit within a *hot oven*, and *baste a leg of mutton* until it should be thoroughly *roasted.*

◆

From the Boston Evening Gazette, August 22.

The rapid travelling between N. York and Philadelphia, and the excellence of the *Post Chases* running between these two cities, have become a theme of astonishment. The quickness of driving, it is said, is without example either in Europe or America. We do not precisely know what the general rate of travelling is upon that line—but between Portsmouth and Boston, a distance of more than 60 miles, which the coaches for many years, have completed in about 7 or 8 hours—including stoppages to dinner and other purposes:—and many stages of 10 or 11 miles are commonly performed in 55 minutes.

◆

Rapid Growth.—A letter from a gentleman in the Missouri Territory, under date of the 23d of June, gives the following glowing account of the town of Franklin, which is situated more than two hundred miles up the river Missouri:—“ The town plot was a cornfield when I came to this country in Aug. last one year, and sold in December 1816. It now contains 200 houses of all descriptions, and is still rapidly increasing. This country is exceedingly rich—high and dry, and uncommonly healthy. Salt water is here in abundance—and fish and fowl—buffalo, deer, &c.”

◆

Kingston, (U. C.) Aug. 11.

This morning at 9 o'clock, His Excellency Sir Peregrine Maitland, and suite, left this place in the steam boat Frontenac, for York.

A MOOSE.

We are informed that a Moose was killed on the 17th July last by Mr. Alexander Thompson, at a place called, the Hemp Fly, in the fifth concession of the township of Richmond, near the Mohawk lands, which weighed 300 weight; supposed to be about three years old; his horns, not being fully grown, were in the velvet, and measured about 14 inches broad. This animal is very peculiar to cold countries, and deep snows; and it is supposed that the cold seasons for some years back, is the cause of its wandering so far to the southwest. Another was seen about the same time, much larger.

◆

Milledgeville, August 11.

Lieut. Wager, of the U. States' army, has just arived from Pensacola, but brings no news. He says, four or five Indians, supposed to be hostile, had been taken prisoners by a detachment of militia, who delivered them to the jailer at Fort Claiborne, for safe keeping. From some cause, it was subsequently determined to remove them to Fort Montgomery. On their way, having proceeded but a short distance they were overtaken by a party of exasperated citizens of the Alabama territory, who wrested them from the guard, and put them all to death. Such are the unhappy consequences of Indian warfare.

◆

Erie, August 15.

The Light House, lately building at this place, was completed last week.

A line of stages have commenced running between this place and Cleaveland, (Ohio.)

◆

From the N. Y. Evening Post Aug. 25.

To the politeness of capt. Robinson, of the ship Emily, in the short passage of 34 days from London, we are indebted for a file of the London Courier from the 8th to the 18th of July, inclusive.

It is said that Great Britain has invited the Russian government, to require a formal declaration from the Porte, whether it considers the Barbary powers as its dependents, and in that case, whether the court of Constantinople will guarrantee the state of Europe against any outrages of these barbarians on their rights.

The Spanish convoy, with troops, which lately left Cadiz, put into Teneriffe for supplies, where one of the frigates was condemned as not sea-worthy. The island was equally bare of provisions as the fleet, but the governor immediately laid a forced contribution of 120,000 dollars on the inhabitants, in terms equally severe and urgent as if the place had been invaded by an enemy. The sealed orders had been opened, and it was discocred they were bound to Lima.

The Dutchess of Parma, (late wife of Napoleon,) it would seem, holds her regular court, and receives ministers from her brother sovereigns. The British minister to several of the Italian courts, is also accredited at Parma.

The king of Sweden has proposed to sell the island of St. Bartholomew, for the liquidation of the public debt of Norway: and the proposition has been approved by the committee of the states.

The late visit of the Duke of Wellington to Paris, which had caused much speculation, had no other object than the meditation of differences between Spain and Portugal. In this meditation, the Russian ambassador is said to take great interest.

The Courier of the 18th, contains a number of letters from St. Helena, relative to the situation and treatment of Bonaparte. Among them is a note from Bonaparte himself, in his usual grumbling style, signifying his resolution not to notice the letter of a certain English officer at that station at all, and declaring that the king of England alone is entitled to treat him on an equality. One of the letters is from Mr. O'Meary, the English surgeon who accompanied Bonaparte to St. Helena, to Gen. Hudson Low. It would seem from these papers, that the latter has had some cause to suspect the propriety of some of the physicians' conduct.

Letters from Italy give a splendid account of the entrance of Lucien Bonaparte into Rome, as a senator.

Samuel Edgar & Co.

HAVE just received, and offer for sale on accommodating terms.

200 BOXES CINCINNATI SOAP,
400 Kegs manufactured Tobacco,
6 Hhds Leaf ditto, sup. qual.
10 Hhds. } New Orleans Sugar of a superior
50 Bbls. } quality—old crop
10 crates assorted QUEENSWARE,
20,000 lbs. Pig Lead,
500 lbs. Bar ditto,
30,000 lbs. Shot,
Bar and Roll'd Iron,
GLASS—all sizes

Hatter's Fur, etc.

Together with a general assortment of *Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware and Liquors.*

Pittsburgh, September 4, 1818.

Copper & Tin Ware.

R. AND J. TOWN,

IN Woood, near Front street, manufacture and have constantly for sale, an assortment of

Stills and Tin Ware,

TEA KETTLES,	WASH KETTLES,
Hatters Ditto,	Brass Ditto,
Fullers Ditto,	Sheet-Iron Ware,

JAPANNED WARE, &c

Which they sell at the most reduced prices, and a liberal credit.——Orders shall be promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh, September 4, 1818. F3m

Evening School.

JOHN WINRIGHT begs leave to inform the citizens of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that he purposes opening an Evening School on the 21st inst. at his room in Third, between Market and Wood streets, for the reception of apprentices and others who feel disposed to attend, on the terms established in this city.

J. W. being grateful for past favours, and duly appreciating the confidence which has been reposed in him as a teacher, pledges himself that nothing on his part shall be wanting to inculcate the principles of morality as well as other studious habits upon the minds of those committed to his care; and hopes through the conscientious discharge of his duty, still to deserve as well as receive a liberal share of public patronage.

Pittsburgh, September 4, 1818. tf

A Young Man,

NAMED THOMAS SMITH, lately from England was seen coming over the mountains to to this place, and is supposed to be in employ in or near Pittsburgh. His brother who is now here, wishes he would make known the place of his abode. A line addressed to Isaac Carey, for Charles Smith, sign of the spotted Dog, in Third street, will be attended to.

Pittsburgh, September 4.

Allegheny Bridge.

THE Stockholders in the Company for erecting a Bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, are required to pay the Treasurer Five Dollars on each share of Stock by them respectively held, on or before the 5th day of October next.

ALEX. JOHNSTON, Jr. *Treasurer.*

September 2, 1818.

The following provision from the Act of Incorporation will be rigidly enforced.

“ If any stockholder, after thirty days notice in two of the public newspapers printed at Pittsburgh, of the time and place appointed for the payment of any instalment of capital stock, shall neglect to pay the same for the space of thirty days after the day when the same shall be appointed to be paid, any such stockholder shall, in addition to the instalment so called for, pay at the rate of 5 per cent per month for any delay of such payment.”

Will be Sold at Public Auction,

On MONDAY the 28th day of September, inst. at the Hotel of John W. Hunter, in the City of Pittsburgh, a

Light Stage,

in good repair, belonging to the General Post Office. Terms at Sale.

ROBERT STEWART.

September 4, 1818.

One Dollar
FOR
WHEAT.

ONE DOLLAR per bushel for old Wheat and a less price for new Wheat, according to the quality, will be given at the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, for a short time September 4.

Just Received,

And For Sale by the subscriber,

200 Buffaloe Robes,
200 lbs. Prime Beaver,
100 Kegs Brandywine Powder
FF FFF

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, September 4, 1818.

Water Proof Hats.

WILLIAM P. HAMER, of the city of Washington, makes Water proof HATS in a very superior manner. These hats are made of the same materials as others: the only difference consists in the stiffening, which renders them water-proof. They are perfectly elastic; will resist water, though immersed in it 48 hours and main their true shape. They will wear two or three years without requiring the aid of the hatter. The terms of sale for wholesale orders, are cash or good acceptances, at reasonable dates.

Washington City, August 28, 1818. 6

Bath House,

NEXT door to the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, is now in completeoperation.—Price of Bathing 25 cents. July 3.

R. Patterson and Lambdin

HAVE RECEIVED THE LATEST PUBLICATIONS.

Adams' View of all Religions,	3 vols
Pauldings' Letters from the South,	2 vols.
Wirts' Old Batchelor,	2 vols
Byrons' 4th and last Canto of Child Harolds' Pilgrimage,	
Fudge Family in Paris,	
Women, or Pour et Contre, by the author of Bertram, 2 vols.	
Birbecks' Notes on America,	
Chalmers' Discourses,	
Olive Branch, Tenth edition.	

All the works of the author of Rob Roy.

Antiquary, 2 vols.—Guy Mannering, 2 vols.—Waverly, 2 vols—Tales of my Landlord.

A large and elegant French PRINT of the

Battle of New Orleans.

WITH A KEY:

executed in a very superior style.

Pittsburgh, July 21, 1818.

I. DOANE,

Wholesale and retail Warehouse on the bank near Wood street,

KEEPS constantly on hand at reasonable prices: A large assortment of

Ironmongery, Hardware, Cutlery,
Grocery and Liquors.

Among which are,

Mouse-hole Anvils,
Smiths black and bright Vices,
Saws of every description,
All kinds of steel, &c. &.

Merchandize received and forwarded, bough end sold on reasonable commission.

May, 19, 1818——1awtf

G. T. Beyer & Co.

In Wood, between Third and Fourth Streets,

Are constantly supplied with all kinds of

Groceries, Wines and Liquors.

and continue to pay the highest price for all kinds of FUR.

HATTERS FUR

or sale, as above.

Pittsburgh, June 1, 1818. 3m

WOOL.

A quantity of common Merino WOOL,

FOR SALE BY

BOSLER & CO.

Pittsburgh, July 1818.

Grand State Lottery;

SIXTH CLASS.

SOLOMON ALLEN,

MANAGER.

10 Prizes of 10,000, and 100 of 1000,

EQUAL TO

$200,000

SCHEME.

10	Prizes of	10,000	is	100,000
100	ditto . . .	1,000	is	100,000
1	ditto . . .	50,000	is	50,000
1	ditto . .	20,000	is	20,000
4	ditto . . .	5,000	is	20,000
36	ditto	500	is	18,000
200	ditto	100	is	20,000
5000	ditto	40	is	200,000
5352	Prizes			
10648	Blanks			$528,000

Less than two Blanks to a prize.

Stationary Prizes.

First drawn Number, 1st day	$10,000
do. do. do. 2d do.	5,000
do. do. do. 3d do.	10,000
do. do. do. 4th do.	5,000
do. do. do. 5th do.	10,000
do. do. do. 6th do.	5,000
do. do. do, 7th do.	10,000
do. do do. 8th do.	5,000
do. do. do. 9th do.	20,000
5 first drawn numbers 10th day, each	10,000
6th drawn number 10th day	50,000

COMMISSIONERS.

George Latimer,
Isaac Worrell,
Thomas Leiper,
John Connelly, and
Andrew Bayard, Esq.

One great advantage this Scheme has over others, is, that for the WHOLE of the drawing, tickets may be held without any chance of losing, and affords a great chance to gain, as the whole of the Prizes will be drawn before a Blank appears.

The drawing will probably commence in September.

The Prizes only will be drawn in this Lottery.... consequently it will be completed in

TEN DAYS DRAWING.

All prizes payable Sixty days after the drawing, subject to 15 per cent discount.

Whole Tickets $35 | Halves $17 50 | Quarters $8 75 | Eights $4 50 | Sixteenths $2 25.

FOR SALE AT

ALLENS'

LUCKY LOTTERY OFFICE,

Corner of Market and Front streets, Pittsburgh

LOT IN BIRMINGHAM,

FOR SALE.

THE Lot marked in the plan of said Town No 85, being 60 feet in length by 95 feet deep—a corner lot, situated on Carson and Grosvenor streets, is offered on liberal terms by the subscribers.

A Beelen,
L. Bollman.
Assignees of Theo. Mazurie.

Pittsburgh, August 11, 1818.

POETRY.

The presents, which Abou Teman Habib, a native of Damascus, but who spent his life chiefly at the court of Bagdad, is reported to have received, are enormous. He is said to have had a present of fifty thousand pieces of gold for a single poem. He died before he was forty, and his early death was predicted by a cotemporary writer, in these words: "The mind of Abou Teman must soon wear out his body, as the blade of a scimitar destroys its scabbard." When his mistress accused him of extravagance, he addressed her in the following words:

Ungenerous and mistaken maid,
To scorn me thus because I'm poor!
Canst thou a liberal hand upbraid
For dealing round some worthless ore?

To spare's the wish of little souls,
The great but gather to bestow;
Yon current down the mountain rolls,
And stagnates in the swamp below.

FROM THE OLIO OF A DESULTORY READER.

The American wood called brasil, has been commonly supposed to have had its name from that country, though Huet proves it was known many years before Brasil was discovered. It is variously denominated, according to the places whence it is brought, as Fernambuco, Japan, the Antilles, &c. but it always grows in a dry barren soil, and even in the middle of rocks. The tree is tall, usually crooked and knotty, and has a bark of a surprising thickness. It bears flowers of a very beautiful red, which smell agreeably, and are said to strengthen the brain. The wood itself is very heavy, crackles much in the fire, and scarcely raises any smoke, by reason of its extreme dryness. That of Fernambuco is esteemed the best, and it is to be chosen in thick pieces, close, sound, and such as being chewed tastes something like sugar. It takes a good polish, and is much used in turned works, but more frequently in dying, as it gives a red colour, though not very lasting. In medicine it is said to mitigate the heat of fevers, and is strengthening and restringent.

H. Bonnet and Rouaud,

Market, between Second and Third streets,

HAVE just received, and weekly receive a large assortment of

Domestic Chambray,

Stripes,
Plaids,
Sheeting,
Ticking,
Canton Crape,
Lace Shawls,
Viels,
Fine Thread-lace.

Linen and Cotton Damask Table Cloth,

And a good supplement to their usual stock of

CLOTH, CASSIMERES, CASSINETT, MOLESKIN, VELVET, BAIZE, FLANNELS,

Blankets, Bombazetts, Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hosiery, India Muslin, Silk, Imitation and English Shawls,

And a supplement to their usual assortment of

Silk of every kind for dress and bonnets,
Sewing silk cord and Chenills,
Silk, kid and Angola gloves,
Canton, Italian and French crapes,
Silk galoons and ribbonds of all sorts,
Scotch thread, cotton balls, and tapes,
Millinet, wires and trimmings,
Bandannas, flag and fringed handkerchiefs,
Pocket, Madrass, and other ditto,
Calicoes, Dimity and Ginghams,
Irish linnen, shirting and long cloth,
Domestic cotton, and shirting,
Silk, Marseilles and other vesting,
Thread, silk, cotton, and silver lace,
Lace veils and shawls,
Merino, velvet and lace redicule,
Suspenders, webbing and binding,
Pins, bell and plated buttons,
Beads of every sort, and pocket books,
An assortment of real gold JEWELRY,
A few dozen men and woman's Saddles,
Shot of every size,
Lead in pigs,
Best Spanish Cigars.

Which they will dispose of, on the most moderate terms, for Cash, or liberal credit for approved notes.

Pittsburgh, June 19, 1818.——tf

Irwin & H. Wallace,

Have just received and offer For Sale

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES,

100 bbls. Conemaugh Salt,

15,000 lbs. PIG LEAD,

20 Tons Juniata Iron,

FIFTY KEGS TROTTER'S GLAZED RIFLE POWDER,

1 Ton American Blistered Steel,

70 Barrels Fresh Flour.

Window Glass—Scythes—Sickles—Bedcords—Plough-lines—Rigging—Ropes—Snuff, &c.

Pittsburgh, May 5,1818.

To Printers.

I WILL sell a Fount of Pica, of 225 lbs. weight also, a Fount of American Cannon, five line Pica and seven line Pica, *entirely new*; a Fount of Double English, about a third worn, the figure of a horse, composing stick, &c. Enquire at the Gazette office, of

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, July 3,1818.

Greensburgh & Pittsburgh Turnpike Road Company.

THE subscribers being appointed by the Managers a Committe to contract for the erection of

Two Toll Houses and Gates.

One near Robert Stewart's Tavern, and the other near Thomas Neel's Tavern, and also to employ Three Gate Keepers; GIVE NOTICE, that they will attend on Monday the 7th of September next at the house of Mrs. Adams, Turtle Creek Hill, for the purpose of receiving Proposals and entering into Contracts for the above purposes.

JAMES IRWIN,
ROBERT STEWART,
WILLIAM B. FOSTER,

August 22, 1818.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

SPLENDID SCHEME

OF A LOTTERY FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND.

Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars, HIGHEST PRIZE.

1	CAPITAL PRIZE OF	250,000 Dolls.	is	250,000 Dolls.
1	do	100,000 Dolls.	is	100,000 Dolls.
1	do	50,000 Dolls.	is	50,000 Dolls.
2	do	20,000 Dolls.	is	40,000 Dolls.
2	do	10,000 Dolls.	is	20,000 Dolls.
10	do	5,000 Dolls.	is	50,000 Dolls.
100	do	1,000 Dolls.	is	100,000 Dolls.
30	do	500 Dolls.	is	15,000 Dolls.
3000	Prizes of	125 Dolls.	is	375,000 Dolls.
3,147 Prizes.				1,000,000 Dolls.
6,853 Blanks.				
10,000 Tickets at 100 Dollars each,				1,000,000 Dolls,

Stationary Prizes as follows

1st Day First drawn No.	$5000	10th Day the First drawn No.	$20,000
2d Day the 5 first drawn Nos. each	1,000	11th Day the 5 first drawn Nos.	1,000
3d Day the First drawn No.	5,000	12th Day the 10 first drawn Nos. each	1,000
4th Day the 10 first drawn Nos. each	1,000	13th Day the First drawn No.	5,000
5th Day the First drawn No.	10,000	14th Day the 5 first drawn Nos. each	5,000
6th Day the 5 first drawn Nos. each	1,000	15th Day the First drawn No.	100,000
7th Day the First drawn No,	5,000	16th Day the First drawn No.	5,000
8th Day the First drawn No.	20,000	17th Day the First drawn No.	250,000
9th Day the First drawn No.	5,000	20th Day the 20 first drawn Nos. each	1,000

☞ *The whole Lottery to be completed in TWENTY DAYS DRAWING only*

All the PRIZES to be paid in CASH, sixty days after the completion of the drawing (subject to a deduction of TWENTY PER CENT including the state tax) at the Office of the

Bank of the United States.

MANAGERS.

JOHN B. DAVIDGE,
ELISHA DE BUTTS,
NATH'L. POTTER
MAXWELL McDOWELL,
SAMUEL BARKER,

TREASURERS.

JAMES W. McCULLOH,
HUGH W. EVANS.

In submitting the above Splendid Scheme to the public, the confidence which its peculiar merit is so highly calculated to inspire, is not the only principle by which the Managers are guided. It is true the unparallelled magnitude and number of HIGH PRIZES, and the general advantages which it presents to purchasers, constitute a character too captivating to be viewed with indifference. But the Managers are moreover animated by a spirit commensurate with the importance of the great object to be accomplished, and no attention on their part will be neglected necessary to the success of an enterprize undertaken for the purpose of establishing in the State of Maryland, an Institution to include in its operations the cultivation and diffusion of all the sciences.

ORDERS FOR TICKETS RECEIVED AT

ALLEN'S

Corner of Front and Market streets, Pittsburgh.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Subscriber has for Sale, a most VALUABLE PROPERTY in the vicinity of Noblesburgh, 12 miles from Pittsburgh, containing 250 acres of Land. The above property possesses as many conveniencies as are desirable on a farm. There are 120 acres of cleared land, 15 acres in meadow, with good Barn and Sheds and fine Stables, comfortable farm Houses, sufficient for two families, with two paled Gardens adjoining. There are few places possessing finer springs. There is besides an excellent stone Still House, with a fountain Pump, and all the apparatus for distilling, now in complete operation. The terms may be known, by applying to Mr. ANDREW SCOTT, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber on the premises.

WILLIAM HERDMAN.

August 21, 1818.

N. B. The above property is in the immediate vicinity of several fine Mills, and of different places of Worship.

ALSO,

A LOT in Noblestown, containing 7 acres, on which is erected a small house.

TO LET,

And possession given the 1st of October next,

The Warehouse,

NOW occupied by ALLEN & GRANT, in Wood Street, near the Monongahela River. For particulars apply to,

WILLIAM B. FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, August 15, 1818.

FOR SALE,

That Valuable City Property

in Fourth, between Market and Wood Streets, fronting on Fourth Street 40 feet, and extending back 80 feet, on which is a two story Brick House, 20 feet front, with an extensive back building, finished in the best manner, at present occupied by Doctor O'Donoughue—Also, a convenient Frame Building in the occupancy of Mr. Samuel Cooper; the whole subject to a yearly ground rent of 80 dollars. This property is in one of the most eligible situations for business in the City. For terms, which will be low and accommodating, apply to

WILLIAM McCANDLESS.

Pittsburgh, August 21, 1818. tf

Copartnership.

CROMWELL & DOBBIN inform their friends and the public, that they have associated with them Mr. ISAAC PEEBLES in the Commission Business, which will in future be transacted under the firm of *Cromwell, Dobbin & Peebles*, who offer their services in the usual way.

All those indebted to Cromwell & Dobbin in and about Pittsburgh, are requested to make payment immediately, or they may expect their accounts, notes, &c. lodged in the hands of the proper officers for collection.

Pittsburgh, July 15, 1818. 1aw3m

VINEGAR.

A QUANTITY of strong old Cider VINEGAR fit for immediate use, for Sale, per barrel or smaller quantity.

ISAAC HARRIS, *Diamond*.

Pittsburgh, August 25, 1818. 3t

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50 Dollars Reward.

HORSE STOLEN.

STOLEN from the stable of the subscriber, on the night of the 28th of July last, a handsome dun or cream coloured PONEY, about 14 hands high and 7 years old; he has a long white mane and tail, and a remarkable fine head, neck and shoulder.—He may be easily distinguished by a large scar on the fetlock joint of his off hind leg, occasioned by a ring bone. Whoever will secure the above horse for the owner, shall receive 20 Dollars, and 50 Dollars for the Horse and Thief; any information respecting him will be thankfully received by the subscriber, at Elizabeth town, New Jersey by mail.

AARON OGDEN.

Elizabeth town, (N. Jersey) Aug. 7, 1818.

Stray Cow.

BROKE into the enclosure of the subscriber, in June last, doing considerable damage to his grain, a RED COW, about 10 or 11 years old, has a white face, appears to be with calf. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

JOHN LENARD,
near the 4 mile run, Pitt township.

August 25, 1818.

Partnership Dissolved.

THE partnership formerly existing between *Arthurs & Murphy*, in the Fulling business, was dissolved on the first instant, by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm will make immediate payment to James Arthurs; and such as have accounts against the firm, will present them for settlement.

THE FULLING BUSINESS

is still carried on by the subscriber, and all orders will be thankfully received, and promptly executed.

The Carding Machines,

are in complete operation, and every attention paid to such persons as may favour him with their custom.

Clean common Wool will be received in payment at the market price, for Fulling or Carding; but having found that *Trust is bad pay*, he does not mean to keep any books in future for these branches of business.

The subscriber would also give notice to all persons indebted to him for a longer period than three months, either by due-bill or book account, that he has left their accounts in the hands of Robert Graham esq. with whom or with the subscriber, they may call and settle the same free of costs, at any time before the first of October. At that period, suits will be commenced against all delinquents, without respect to persons.

JAMES ARTHURS.

Pittsburgh, August 25, 1818.——3

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15 Barrels TAR

FOR SALE—ENQUIRE OF

I. DOANE.

Pittsburgh, August 28, 1818.

Kilgore & Taylor, Commission Merchants,

CINCINNATI, (OHIO.)

HAVE a large & convenient WARE-HOUSE in Front near Main street, where they transact on business on COMMISSION, generally

May 5, 1818.

CRATE WAREHOUSE.

H. Langtry & Co.

Corner of Fourth and Market Streets.

Have received, and will always keep, an extensive supply of

Queensware,

which they will sell by the Crate at the most reduced prices, for cash or approved acceptances. They have also on hand a neat assortment of HARDWARE and SADDLERY.

A few barrels prime trim'd SHAD, for family use. Pittsburgh, July 30, 1818. 2aw4w.

JAMES HALL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS taken the office, lately occupied by Dr. W. A. Simpson, in Fourth street, nearly opposite to Patterson and Lambdin's book-store.

Pittsburgh, June 23.

Twenty Five Packs, very fine *AMERICAN* Gold Leaf,

For sale by R. PATTERSON & LAMBDIN.

Who have continually on hand,

JOHNSTON'S Philadelphia Unchangeable

Printing Ink,

By the Keg, at 65 cents per pound,

ALSO

Book-Binders Materials,

PRINTING PAPER

Different sizes and qualities—from Cap to Imperial, and from 5 to No. 1.

Pittsburgh, July 21, 1818.

GLASS, selling off Cheap.

THE STOCK OF

Flint and Green Glass

of the late firm of BOLTON, ENCELL & CO. is now selling off cheap, at a liberal discount, at the Store lately occupied by them, corner of Front and Wood streets. Merchants and others will find it their interest to call.

By order of the Assignees.

Pittsburgh, August 11, 1818.

Notice.

WHEREAS I purchased, some time in May 1817, a certain piece of property, lying in Moon township, Allegheny county, containing 20 acres with a Mill thereon, of a certain James Ackleson, for which I gave my bond for $800; and whereas since said purchase I find this land had been previously mortgaged, without my knowledge. Now this is to forwarn any person or persons, from purchasing, or taking a transfer of said bond, as I am determined not to pay it unless compelled.

JOHN CROOKSHANKS.

August 11, 1818.

Chair and Cabinet WAREHOUSE

Fourth street, above Wood.—And Second street near Smithfield,

PITTSBURGH.

Joseph Roseman

Fancy Chair-maker, Ornamentor, Gilder, &c.

AND

ROSEMAN & WRIGHT

Cabinet Makers.

All articles in their line will be furnished at a short notice, and of such workmanship as shall warrant a continuance of custom,

Draughts of new and Fashionable Furniture will be furnished to those wishing such articles.

Referrences to Messrs. Cromwell and Dobbin—Richard Bowen & Co.—Wm. Robinson, Jr.—C. Latshaw—Allen & Grant—Anshutz & Rahm & Co. Commission merchants, Pittsburgh, will be promptly attended to.

January 15, 1818.——1awtf

Anshutz & Rahm,

HAVE

Removed

TO the House lately occupied by Messrs. ALLEN & GRANT

They have for sale, a handsome assortment of

Juniata Bar, & Roll'd Iron,

NAILS,

CROWLY AND BLISTERED STEEL,

IRON WARE,

Of different kinds, Axes, Hoes, Plough-Irons, &c.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF KENTUCKY

Tobacco,

OF A GOOD QUALITY.

Geneva Window Glass,

BAR LEAD,

30,000 lbs. Shot, assorted,

ALSO

20 bbls. prime Country Sugar

30 barrels best quality

NEW-ORLEANS SUGAR

Pittsburgh, April 17, 1818.——2awtf

Bath House,

NEXT door to the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, is now in complete operation.—Price of Bathing 25 cents.

July 3.

BUTTER.

THE Subscribers will exchange Merchandize, for merchantable BUTTER, in Kegs, at a fair price.

WM. & JOHN HILL.

Pittsburgh, July 15, 1818. 2awtf,

Valuable Real Estate and Ground Rents for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, on reasonable terms, the following very valuable real estate and ground rents in the city of Pittsburgh, to wit:

One Lot, situate at the corner of Ferry and Water streets, containing 35 feet front on Water street and the Monongahela river, and 98 feet on Ferry street, now in the possession of Mr. Florence Cotter, and occupied as a grocery and liquor store, and rented at 450 dollars per annum.

Also, one lot situated on the west side of Market street, between First and Second streets containing 23 feet front on Market street by 70 feet deep, at present unoccupied—formerly occupied as a saddler's shop—for which business or for a dry goods store, it is one of the best stands in the city.

Also—ground rent to the amount of two thousand dollars per annum, secured upon real estate, on which is erected permanent brick buildings, in some of the most conspicuous parts of the city.

The terms upon which this property will be disposed of are of the most advantageous kind.—A very small portion of the purchase money will be required in hand—and the balance may be paid, either in annual instalments, with interest, or in such portions as may be convenient to the purchaser, payment being secured by mortgage or judgement—It being the object of the subscriber to give a long credit.

Application may be made to Walter Forward, Esq. at his office in the Diamond, or to the subscriber in Pitt township, on the turnpike road, three miles from Pittsburgh, who will describe the property and make known the terms of sale.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

May 16, 1818.——tf

William W. Howell, & Co

No. 167, MARKET STREET, PHIADELPHIA

Have just received by the ships Jane and Ida from Liverpool,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Hardware & Cutlery,

which they offer for sale for *Cash* or on liberal credit

Philadelphia, March 12, 1818.——2awtf

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of the late Doctor *Nathaniel Bedford*, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to Mr. James Patterson, of Birmingham, or Doctor Peter Mowry, of Pittsburgh; and all those having demands against said estate, will present them without delay, properly attested, to either of the subscribers.

MARY BEDFORD, Executrix.
PETER MOWRY,
JAMES PATTERSON, } Exec'rs.

May 20, 1818. tf

T. C. Lee and Reynolds,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they have commenced the

BAKING BUSINESS,

in Front street. in the house adjoining William Robinson Jr's. warehouse, where they hope from a knowledge of the business and strict attention, to merit a share of public patronage.

Pittsburgh, August 7, 1818.

FOR SALE BY

Armstrong & Ewing.

At their Wholesale Grocery Store,

Wood street, between First and Second.

Gunpowder,
Imperial,
Young Hyson
& Hyson Skin } Teas of the first quality & latest importations.
First & Second quality Green Coffee,
Loaf, Lump, and Brown Sugar,
Chocolate,
Spanish Indigo,
Madder, Copperas, Allum,
Rice & ground Ginger,
Pepper, Alspice,
Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon,
Box Raisins, best muscatell,

Keg best Brimstone,
Spanish Cigars,
Kentucky Tobacco,
Figs in Drums,
Best Sallad Oil,
Fresh Lemons,
Soft shel'd Almonds,
Mustard, Starch,
Sugar Candy, Rice, &c.
L. P. Madeira,
do. Teneriffe,
Sherry, &
Port } Wines of first quality.
Cog. Brandy, 4th proof
Jamaica Spirits, do.
Holland Gin,
Whiskey.

With a general assortment of articles in the above line, which will be disposed of on the lowest terms for cash or approved acceptances.

William & John Hill,

At their Wholesale Warehouse, in Market, near Front street,

HAVE just received in addition to their stock on hand the following

FRESH GOODS.

Imported to their order, direct from England.

Sup. dark undressed Prints,
Ditto, ditto, dressed Ditto,
4-4 & 6-4 Cambrics,
7-8 4-4 Shirtings,
Bombazetts of every colour,
3-4 & 4-4 Madrass Hhkfs.
Best blue and black cloth sewings,
Best silk twist assorted, colours
100 doz. Ivory Combs,

Pittsburgh, Ma 19 1818,——1awtf

Geo. Miltenberger,

HAS for sale at his store in Front street, next door to the Post office a quantity of

STILLS

OF DIFFERENT SIZES,

Copper, Wash, and Stew Kettles,
Brash, Wash, and Stew Kettles,
Bell metal Wash, and Stew Kettles,
Sheet Brass and Sheet Copper,

Sheet Iron and Spelter
Spelter Solder,
Block Tin,
Tin Plate by the box,
Still Cocks and Rivits,
Gun and Rifle mounting
Bells of all sizes and kinds.

An assortment of Tin Ware.

Castings made in Brass of every description.

An assortment of Copper Tea Kettles,

COPPER AND SHEET IRON WORK

made of all descriptions, at the shortest notice.

Any of the above articles sold on the lowest and most accommodating terms.

N. B. FOR SALE a good two horse WAGON.